IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 242

BY JUDICIARY, RULES AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT

111/11/01
RELATING TO THE UNIFORM CHILD WITNESS TESTIMONY BY ALTERNATIVE METHODS ACT;
AMENDING SECTION 9-1805, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT TESTIMONY SHALL
BE PRESENTED BY ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR CERTAIN CHILD WITNESSES AND TO
PROVIDE THAT A CHILD'S REMOTE TESTIMONY SHALL BE ACCEPTED UNDER CERTAIN
CIRCUMSTANCES; AND AMENDING SECTION 9-1806, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT
TESTIMONY BY ALTERNATIVE METHOD SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR CERTAIN CHILD WIT-
NESSES

- Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
- SECTION 1. That Section 9-1805, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 9-1805. STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING WHETHER CHILD WITNESS'S TESTIMONY MAY BE PRESENTED BY ALTERNATIVE METHOD. (1) In a criminal proceeding, the presiding officer may order the presentation of the testimony of a child witness by an alternative method only in the following situations:
 - (a) A For a child witness twelve (12) years of age or older, the child witness's testimony may be taken otherwise than in an open forum in the presence and full view of the finder of fact if the presiding officer finds by clear and convincing evidence that the child would suffer serious emotional trauma that would substantially impair the child's ability to communicate with the finder of fact if required to testify in the open forum. For a child witness younger than twelve (12) years of age, the child witness's testimony shall be taken otherwise than in an open forum in the presence and full view of the finder of fact if the child would suffer serious emotional trauma that would substantially impair the child's ability to communicate with the finder of fact if required to testify in the open forum.
 - (b) A For a child witness twelve (12) years of age or older, the child witness's testimony may be taken other than in a face-to-face confrontation between the child and a defendant if the presiding officer finds by clear and convincing evidence that the child would suffer serious emotional trauma that would substantially impair the child's ability to communicate with the finder of fact if required to be confronted face-to-face by the defendant. For a child witness younger than twelve (12) years of age, the child witness's testimony shall be taken other than in a face-to-face confrontation between the child and a defendant if the child would suffer serious emotional trauma that would substantially impair the child's ability to communicate with the finder of fact if required to be confronted face-to-face by the defendant.
 - (2) In a noncriminal proceeding, the presiding officer <u>may shall</u> order the presentation of the testimony of a child witness by an alternative method if <u>the presiding officer finds by a preponderance of the evidence that</u> pre-

senting the testimony of the child by an alternative method is necessary to serve the best interests of the child or enable the child to communicate with the finder of fact. In making this a finding that presentation of testimony by an alternative method is necessary, the presiding officer shall consider:

(a) The nature of the proceeding;

- (b) The age and maturity of the child;
- (c) The relationship of the child to the parties in the proceeding;
- (d) The nature and degree of emotional trauma that the child may suffer in testifying; and
- (e) Any other relevant factor.
- (3) Remote testimony by a child shall be accepted when requested by the parent or guardian of the child or by an attorney representing the child or the child's parent or guardian.

SECTION 2. That Section 9-1806, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

9-1806. FACTORS FOR DETERMINING WHETHER TO PERMIT ALTERNATIVE METHOD. If the presiding officer determines a determination is made that a standard under section 9-1805, Idaho Code, has been met, the presiding officer shall determine whether to allow the presentation of the testimony of a child witness who is twelve (12) years of age or older by an alternative method and in doing so shall consider:

- (1) Alternative methods reasonably available;
- (2) Available means for protecting the interests of or reducing emotional trauma to the child without resort to an alternative method;
 - (3) The nature of the case;
 - (4) The relative rights of the parties;
 - (5) The importance of the proposed testimony of the child;
- (6) The nature and degree of emotional trauma that the child may suffer if an alternative method is not used; and
 - (7) Any other relevant factor.

If a determination is made that a standard under section 9-1805(1), Idaho Code, has been met, the presiding officer shall allow the presentation of the testimony of a child witness who is younger than twelve (12) years of age by an alternative method.